Safe Living in an Epidemic

Trusted strategies to manage uncertainties for safe living in communities

Focusing on:
Information about testing for COVID-19
(virology and antibody)

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Health Hats

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Website and podcast: https://www.health-

hats.com/pod





Think about this?

- 1. What did we get right?
- 2. What's missing or wrong?
- 3. We need to move to iterative action outside our group. What should we do next? With whom?
- 4. How and where can we disseminate to find
 - Adjacent partners,
 - Those with energy to run with all or any of this
 - Other interested parties?
- 5. What can we ask those interested to do now?



The Challenge

We respect science and research almost as much as the people who need it

- While most attention focuses on saving lives in hospitals, intensive care units, and doctors' offices, 80% + of Covid-19 life occurs in the community
- People seek information to make a dizzying array of choices to manage their risk
- Almost all computerization of research and evidence focuses on clinicians and medical settings
- Evidence-informed guidance seems remote for most people
- Mistrust is rampant
- How can the computerization of research and guidelines help people live safely?



End-Users

People and caregivers managing safe living in an epidemic

Goal

End-users can rapidly access

and trust information they need to make

choices about safe living in the uncertainty of

an epidemic

Target Audience

Influencers supporting people managing uncertainty

- Caregivers, coaches, teachers, activists
- Science writers, popular and social media content creators

Value proposition

- Decrease the time,
- Increase the trust, and
- Improve access to information For end-users

Able to look for information Comfortable with health systems and information Seeks data translation Trusted communicator with audiences



DANNY VAN LEEUWEN

Learn with people on the journey to best health

Approach

- The brainchild of a small but mighty band of volunteers
- None of whom want to start a business
- Focus on the audience and end users
- Enter into adjacent partnerships
- Explore related methods
- Journal processes taken, issues found, and lessons learned
- Lay out materials for a foundation that others can build
- Disseminate adventure
- Open source



Persona

Multi-generational, presumed uninfected, dense living, essential high-risk occupation

- Maria H, a 36-year old Walmart employee with responsibilities to stock shelves or checkout, is considered an "essential employee." She works during her state's stay-at-home orders. Since her children, ages 9 and 12, stay home full time, Maria's mother stays at their home during the day and some evenings. Maria's many concerns regarding the COVID-19 pandemic include her risk of becoming infected and spreading the infection to her children or her mother who has diabetes.
- Marie wants to know whether testing could help allay her concerns. For instance, even though she has no symptoms, should she be tested regularly? If the test should be positive, how can she quarantine herself from her family? Should she seek a test for antibodies to the virus and to be confident that she won't spread the infection to her family? If either type of testing makes sense for her situation, how does she arrange to get the test and who pays for it? Her employer? Her high-deductible health insurance plan? What cost will she be responsible for?



FAQs

1 How long after I test positive do I have to be quarantined? 2 How much will a Covid19 test cost me? 3 If a test shows that I have antibodies to Covid19, am I safe? When will I be able to get a test that I can do at home to find out if I have 4 Covid19? 5 Who needs a Covid19 test? 6 How often should I get a test to see if I have Covid19? 7 How good are tests? 8 Who, besides me, will get my test results? What will they do with it? 9 What is my employer doing about testing? What if they don't have a plan? 10 Am I being enrolled in an experiment? 11 If I get an antibody test and have antibodies do I still need to wear a mask?



Searching Journal

Themes

Mismatch between concerns/questions and available evidence

Depends where you start

Fluid evolving evidence

Rabbit hole that doesn't answer question

Mistrust

Lack of clarity about risk tolerance

Lacking authority – one leading voice

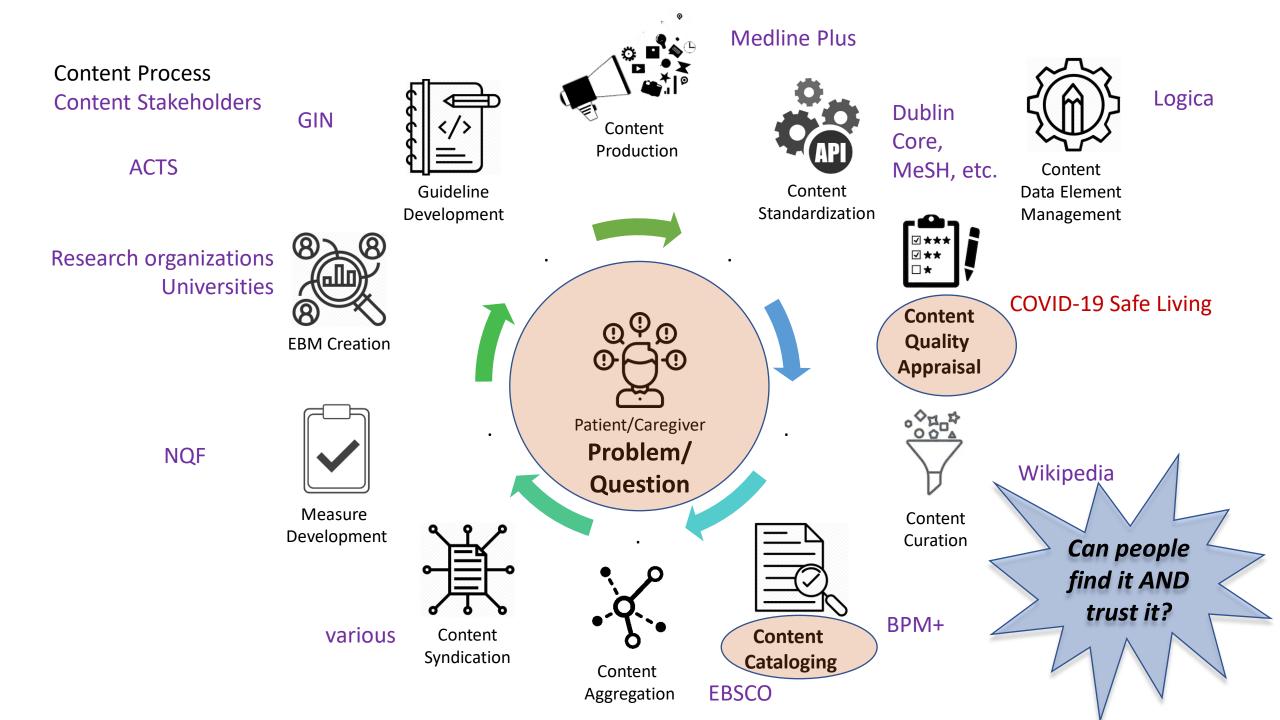
Variation in habit to follow evidence

When reliable source found, confusing, not consistent

Wordy/lengthy explanations

Discomfort with what we don't know

Other nations may have better information



Metadata





Learn with people on the

journey to best health

Trust

Transparency

Organizational Capacity

Discoverability/
Accessibility

Consistency

Patient-Centeredness

Competency

Compliance

Feedback and Updating

Evidencebased

Content Facts

Target audience: Immunocompromised individuals

Context: Congregate Living Facilities

Source(s): CDC

Funding: Who paid

Last updated: XX/XX/2020

Tags: nursing homes, chronic kidney disease

Language(s)

Style Plain (e.g., 8th grade reading level)

Primary English

Translations Spanish, Chinese

Design

Format(s) Blog, vlog, video, audio

ADA Color corrected, closed captioning

HON code Last approved in 2020

Level [A, B or C?]

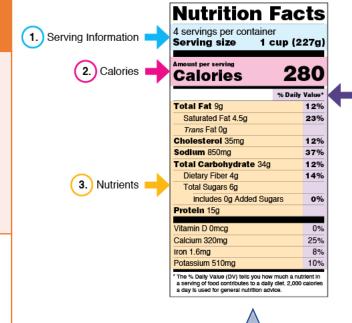
GRADE [could be whether any evidence

reference is made or provided]

Revision(s) Version X.X

Comment(s) http://www.xxxx.com

Middleton B, Platt JE, Richardson JE, Blumenfeld BH. Recommendations for Building and Maintaining Trust in Clinical Decision Support Knowledge Artifacts. Research Triangle Park, NC: Patient-Centered Clinical Decision Support Learning Network; 2018 Sep p. 21.



4. Quick Guide to percent Daily Value (%DV)

- 5% or less is low
- 20% or more is high

A nutrition label for evidence and resource trustworthiness

Categorize, Tag, Find

Patient-friendly classification systems

- People who are comfortable searching, some experience with health and information systems, trusted representatives or other individuals, groups, communities
- Not clinicians, academics, librarians, CDS professionals
- Search for research as they might search the internet, rather than PubMed?
- Key words:
 - testing, symptoms, viral tests, antibody tests, risk reduction, interpretation, health care professionals, public health, testing sites, emergency warning signs, infection control, prevention, supply chain, supplies

EBSCO's COKA Classifying Content

- PubMed like
- Broad domains (Clinical care, public health, basic science, psychosocial and other implications
- Treatment/Prevention/Diagnosis /Prognosis
- Population e.g., COVID-19specific, age, gender, geography, clinical state, setting

Could we help findability with more sophisticated tagging?



Critique, Counsel

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EBSCO PCORI Wikipedia Lighthouse Project

